

February 27, 2002

J007 Rec'd PCT/PTO 27 FEB 2002

FORM PTO-1390  
(REV. 12-2001)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES  
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)  
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371**

028-1-002

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5)

**10/070116**INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.  
PCT/EP00/08422INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE  
08/29/2000PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED  
09/01/1999

## TITLE OF INVENTION

Reinforced Concrete Part for Producing Foundations of Buildings

## APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

Udo Sohms

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☐ This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (21) indicated below.
4. ☐ The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31).
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))
  - a. ☐ is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☒ has been communicated by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☒ An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
  - a. ☒ is attached hereto.
  - b. ☐ has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).
7. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))
  - a. ☐ are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☐ have been communicated by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
  - d. ☒ have not been made and will not be made.
8. ☐ An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)).
9. ☒ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).
10. ☐ An English language translation of the annexes of the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).

**Items 11 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:**

11. ☒ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
12. ☐ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
13. ☒ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
14. ☐ A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
15. ☐ A substitute specification.
16. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
17. ☐ A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821 - 1.825.
18. ☐ A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).
19. ☐ A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).
20. ☐ Other items or information:

U.S. APPLICATION NO. <b>10/070116</b>		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. <b>PCT/EP00/08422</b>		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER <b>028-1-002</b>	
---------------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------------------------	--	----------------------------------------------	--

<p>21. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted:</p> <p><b>BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)):</b></p> <p>Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO ..... <b>\$1040.00</b></p> <p>International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO ..... <b>\$890.00</b></p> <p>International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO ..... <b>\$740.00</b></p> <p>International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) ..... <b>\$710.00</b></p> <p>International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) ..... <b>\$100.00</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =</b></p>				<b>CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY</b>	
				\$	890.00
Surcharge of <b>\$130.00</b> for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).				\$	--
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	\$	--
Total claims	12 - 20 =	0	x \$18.00	\$	--
Independent claims	1 - 3 =	0	x \$84.00	\$	--
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)				\$	--
<b>TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =</b>				\$	890.00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27. The fees indicated above are reduced by 1/2.				\$	445.00
<b>SUBTOTAL =</b>				\$	445.00
Processing fee of <b>\$130.00</b> for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).				\$	--
<b>TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =</b>				\$	445.00
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). <b>\$40.00</b> per property +				\$	--
<b>TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =</b>				\$	445.00
				Amount to be refunded:	\$
				charged:	\$

a. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 445.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.

b. ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. \_\_\_\_\_ in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.


c. ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 13-1175. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

d. ☐ Fees are to be charged to a credit card. **WARNING:** Information on this form may become public. **Credit card information should not be included on this form.** Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.

**NOTE:** Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137 (a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

  
 SIGNATURE  
Robert R. Mallinckrodt  
 NAME  
26,565  
 REGISTRATION NUMBER

EXPRESS MAIL LABEL NO. ET 155 237 295 US  
February 27, 2002

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Udo Sohns

Examiner:

Serial Number:

Art Unit:

Filed: February 27, 2002

Atty Docket No: 028-1-002

For: "Reinforced Concrete Section for Producing Foundations for Buildings"

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Box PCT  
Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Applicant requests that the following amendments to the claims be entered prior to calculating the filing fee. The amendments place the claims in non-multiply dependent form.

Claims 3 and 5 are written in amended form as follows:

3. (Amended) A reinforced concrete section according to claim 1, characterized in that the lattice girders (5-7, 15-17) are fixedly attached to each other by at least one transition piece (18-20).

5. (Amended) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 1, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges

(14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

New Claims 6 - 12 are added as follows:

6. (New) A reinforced concrete section according to claim 2, characterized in that the lattice girders (5-7, 15-17) are fixedly attached to each other by at least one transition piece (18-20).

7. (New) A reinforced concrete section according to claim 6, characterized in that the transition piece (18-20) is a flat rod or a round rod.

8. (New) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 2, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

9. (New) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 3, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

10. (New) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 4, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

11. (New) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 6, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

12. (New) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 7, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

## REMARKS

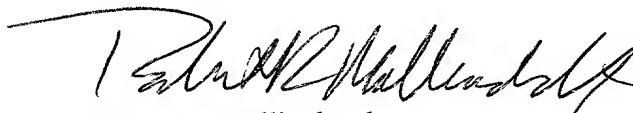
The amendments eliminate multiply dependent claims in the application.

Please charge any additional fees due, or deposit any overpayments, to Deposit Account No.

13-1175 of the undersigned.

Respectfully,

MALLINCKRODT & MALLINCKRODT



Robert R. Mallinckrodt

Attorney for Applicant

Registration No. 26,565

Customer No. 27469

February 27, 2002

Salt Lake City, UT

gen:p\028 Schmetz\002-prelim amd.wpd

### Version with Markings to Show Changes Made

3. (Amended) A reinforced concrete section according to [claims] claim 1[ or 2], characterized in that the lattice girders (5-7, 15-17) are fixedly attached to each other by at least one transition piece (18-20).

5. (Amended) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to [any one of claims] claim 1[ to 4], characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

6. (New) A reinforced concrete section according to claim 2, characterized in that the lattice girders (5-7, 15-17) are fixedly attached to each other by at least one transition piece (18-20).

7. (New) A reinforced concrete section according to claim 6, characterized in that the transition piece (18-20) is a flat rod or a round rod.

8. (New) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 2, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced

concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

9. (New) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 3, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

10. (New) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 4, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

11. (New) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 6, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

12. (New) A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to claim 7, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections



(1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

10/070116

JC19 Rec'd PCT/PTO 27 FEB 2002

VIA EXPRESS MAIL LABEL ET 155 237 295 US  
February 27, 2002

THE COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS:

Applicant, Udo Sohns, a citizen of Germany and resident of Brandscheid, Germany, prays that  
Letters Patent be granted to him for the new and useful

REINFORCED CONCRETE SECTION FOR PRODUCING  
FOUNDATIONS FOR BUILDINGS

set forth in the following specification:

## PATENT

## SPECIFICATION

Background of the Invention

[ 0001] Field: The invention relates to a reinforced concrete section for producing foundations for buildings.

[ 0002] State of the Art: In the foundation constructions which are generally known, a reinforcement and shuttering walls are usually provided (erection of shuttering). After they have been filled with site-mixed concrete, the shuttering walls are removed again (dismantling of shuttering), while the reinforcement remains in the concrete. This method has the disadvantage that the production of a foundation on site is a very time-consuming or labor-intensive operation.

Summary of the Invention

[ 0003] Compared with the prior art, the underlying object of the present invention is therefore to create a building component which functions both as a reinforcement and as shuttering walls, which enables a building foundation rapidly and reliably to be erected on site using site-mixed concrete, and which in addition can be produced in a simple and inexpensive manner.

[ 0004] This object is achieved according to the invention for a reinforced concrete section of the type in question in that the reinforced concrete section consists of two commercially available pre-cast floor elements of the same type, which each comprise a substantially rectangular concrete slab and at least one lattice girder made of steel which is attached thereto, that the two pre-cast floor elements are arranged in a laterally reversed manner so that their concrete slabs are situated parallel to and at a distance from each other and their lattice girders face one another, and that the lattice girders are fixedly attached to one another.

[ 0005]       The main advantage of the reinforced concrete section according to the invention is that the operations of erecting the shuttering and dismantling the shuttering which were mentioned at the outset are dispensed with, which results in enormous savings in time or labor on the building site.

[ 0006]       The finished reinforced concrete sections which are intended for a foundation are brought to the building site and are simply arranged in the requisite manner there. this can be effected very rapidly by means of a corresponding laying plan. Because each reinforced concrete section which is provided for the foundation is placed on two longitudinal edges of its concrete slabs on site, the concrete slabs form sidewalls between which site-mixed concrete can be introduced. The reinforced concrete sections can then immediately be filled with site-mixed concrete. After the concrete has set, the foundation is finished and the building can be erected on the foundation. Foundations of very different types can be produced with the reinforced concrete section (e.g. continuous footings, pile foundations, separate foundations, etc). The size and geometric relationships of the reinforced concrete section according to the invention and of the individual elements thereof depend on the static loading requirements with regard to the building concerned which is to stand on the foundation.

[ 0007]       Another significant advantage of the reinforced concrete section is that commercially available pre-cast floor elements can be used for the production thereof. The basic construction of pre-cast floor elements such as these, which have hitherto solely been provided for the production of floors, are given, for example, in the leaflet entitled "Slab Floor Laying Instructions" published by Badische Drahtwerke GmbH of Kehl/Rhein (Germany).

[ 0008]       Accordingly, a pre-cast floor element basically consists of a concrete slab, which is generally rectangular, and of at least one steel lattice girder which is attached thereto. Pre-

cast floor elements which are intended for a floor, for example a floor between storeys, are disposed in a known manner and according to a defined laying plan on the building site so that their concrete slabs are at the bottom with their flat undersides facing downwards, while the lattice girders thereof face upwards. After laying the pre-cast floor elements, the floor as a whole can be filled with site-mixed concrete. The finished floor is comparable with a solid floor made of solid concrete. The difference is that the finished floor does not subsequently have to be plastered. It is sufficient to clean up or level out the joint gaps in the pre-cast floor elements after concreting, for example.

[ 0009]       The lattice girder of a commercially available pre-cast floor element, which protrudes vertically from the concrete slab, generally comprises at least one top boom, a bottom boom which extends parallel to the top boom at a distance corresponding to the height of the lattice girder, and diagonal sections or diagonals which join the top and bottom booms. During production, the bottom boom is cast in the concrete slab and is therefore no longer visible in the finished pre-cast floor element. The diagonal sections or diagonals serve to withstand the shear forces which occur in the joint between the pre-cast floor element and the site-mixed concrete. The top and bottom booms provide the necessary stiffness of the pre-cast floor elements when they are installed.

[ 0010]       The use of commercially available pre-cast floor elements for producing the reinforced concrete sections according to the invention results in a cost saving, since these pre-cast floor elements as such are very inexpensive to manufacture. Although these pre-cast floor elements have hitherto only been used for the production of floors, they are very suitable for the production and for the safe use of the reinforced concrete section according to the invention.

[ 0011]       Advantageous embodiments of the reinforced concrete section according to the invention are given in subsidiary claims 2 to 4.

[ 0012]        The present invention also it relates to a foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges and the space between the concrete slabs of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete. In this manner, it is possible to create as many forms of foundations as are required for the building concerned.

### The Drawings

[ 0013]        The invention is explained in greater detail below with reference to the schematic drawings, where:

[ 0014]        Figure 1 is a perspective view from above of an embodiment of a reinforced concrete section according to the invention;

[ 0015]        Figure 2 shows a pre-cast floor element which is provided for the reinforced concrete section shown in Figure 1, in a position in which it is laid flat;

[ 0016]        Figure 3 shows the pre-cast floor element of Figure 2 in a position in which it is turned upwards by 90°; and

[ 0017]        Figure 4 is a perspective view from above of part of a building foundation according to the invention, which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to the invention, before it is filled with site-mixed concrete.

### Detailed Description of the Illustrated Embodiments

[ 0018]        The reinforced concrete section 1 shown in Figure 1 consists of two identical

pre-cast floor elements 2 and 3 which are fixedly attached to each other, and is employed for the production of building foundations. The pre-cast floor element 3 is illustrated in Figures 2 and 3 as a component part, and is produced commercially.

[ 0019]        The pre-cast floor element 3 consists of a rectangular concrete slab 4 of defined thickness, and of three steel lattice girders 5-7 (lattice girder type KT) which are fixedly attached to the concrete slab and which protrude vertically therefrom. The lattice girders 5 and 7 are parallel to and are disposed at the same distance from lattice girder 6. They each comprise a top boom 8-10, two bottom booms which extend parallel to and at a distance from the associated top boom corresponding to the height of the lattice girder, and diagonal sections or diagonals 11-13 connecting the top booms 8-10 and bottom booms. The bottom booms of a lattice girder 5-7, which are present in pairs, are cast into the concrete slab 4 during the production of the pre-cast floor element 3, and therefore cannot be seen in Figures 1-3. The diagonals 11-13 are also disposed in pairs. In the case of the lattice girder 7, for example, this means that two diagonally extending lattice girder rods 13a, 13b of the diagonals 13 of the respective parallel bottom booms converge towards the top boom 10 (Figure 2).

[ 0020]        Figure 2 shows the pre-cast floor element 3 in the situation in which pre-cast floor elements of a commercially available type such as these have hitherto been laid for the production of floors, of floors between storeys for example. The concrete slab 4 lies flat or horizontally and the lattice girders 5-7 face upwards, so that liquid site-mixed concrete can be introduced from above. If the same pre-cast floor element 3 is rotated anti-clockwise by an angle of 90° about its longitudinal centre line, it reaches the position shown in Figure 3. Consequently, it is "up-ended" on the lower longitudinal edge 14 of its concrete slab 4.

[ 0021]        The two pre-cast floor elements 2 and 3 shown in Figure 1 are up-ended in the

aforementioned manner and are disposed laterally reversed in relation to each other. Their lattice girders 5-7 and 15-17, namely the lattice girders 5-7 of the right pre-cast floor element 3 and the lattice girders 15-17 of the left pre-cast floor element 2, respectively, which are each opposite each other at the same height or which face each other, are fixedly attached to each other by transition pieces 18-20 which are formed as flat rods (welded joint). The flat rods or transition pieces 18-20 are somewhat longer than the distance between the top booms 8-10, which are adjacent in pairs, of lattice girders 5-7 and 15-17. The number and length of the flat rods or transition pieces 18-20 depends in particular on the specific geometry of the pre-cast floor elements 2, 3 and of their lattice girders 5-7 and 15-17, and on the particular mechanical demands which are imposed thereon or which are imposed on the foundation which is to be constructed therewith.

[ 0022]       The concrete slab 4 of the right pre-cast floor element 3 and the concrete slab 21 of the left pre-cast floor element 2 are situated parallel to and at a distance from each other, and form the shuttering walls, as it were, of the reinforced concrete section 1. The reinforced concrete section 1 stands on the bottom longitudinal edge 14 of the concrete slab 4 of the right pre-cast floor element 3 and on the bottom longitudinal edge 22 of the concrete slab 21 of the left pre-cast floor element 2. In this situation, reinforced concrete sections such as reinforced concrete section 1 are erected on site according to a defined laying plan. They are then filled with site-mixed concrete from above, which thus takes up the entire free space between the concrete slabs 4 and 21. Together with the concrete slabs 4 and 21 and with the site-mixed concrete, the lattice girders 5-7 and 15-17 ensure the requisite mechanical strength or stability of the reinforced concrete section 1 and of the building foundation which is constructed therewith.

[ 0023]       A portion of a foundation such as this is shown in Figure 4. The reinforced concrete section 1 is provided there on a site. Each open lateral end of the reinforced concrete section



1 is adjoined by the next reinforced concrete section, for example reinforced concrete section 23, which in principle is constructed and disposed in exactly the same way as reinforced concrete section 1. The concrete slabs 24 and 25 of reinforced concrete section 23 are of the same thickness as the concrete slabs 4 and 21 of reinforced concrete section 1, and are parallel to each other at the same distance. The abutting reinforced concrete sections 1 and 23, which stand on their bottom longitudinal edges 14, 22, therefore adjoin and are flush with each other and form a foundation channel, as it were, which can be filled with site-mixed concrete. If the reinforced concrete sections which are provided for a foundation are arranged in the form of a closed ring-like arrangement, they can be concreted immediately without further measures. If a reinforced concrete section - for example reinforced concrete section 26 - has a free end which is not adjoined by another reinforced concrete section, a shuttering wall has to be provided at the open lateral end.

[ 0024]        Figure 4 illustrates the situation in which two reinforced concrete sections 27, 28 are disposed at right angles to each other. In this situation, the outer concrete slabs 29, 30 thereof are longer than the inner concrete slabs 31, 32 thereof; this requires no further explanation.

[ 0025]        Finally, it should be remarked in connection with Figure 4 that the region between reinforced concrete sections 1, 23, 27, 28, or at the side near these sections can be filled with soil.

I claim:

1. A reinforced concrete section for producing foundations for buildings, characterized in that the reinforced concrete section (1, 23, 26-28) consists of two commercially available pre-cast floor elements (2, 3) of the same type, which each comprise a substantially rectangular concrete slab (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) and at least one lattice girder (5-7, 15-17) made of steel which is attached thereto, that the two pre-cast floor elements are arranged in a laterally reversed manner so that their concrete slabs are situated parallel to and at a distance from each other and their lattice girders face one another, and that the lattice girders are fixedly attached to one another.

2. A reinforced concrete section according to claim 1, characterized in that the lattice girders (5-7, 15-17) are fixedly attached to each other by welding or by a screwed connection.

3. A reinforced concrete section according to claims 1 or 2, characterized in that the lattice girders (5-7, 15-17) are fixedly attached to each other by at least one transition piece (18-20).

4. A reinforced concrete section according to claim 3, characterized in that the transition piece (18-20) is a flat rod or a round rod.

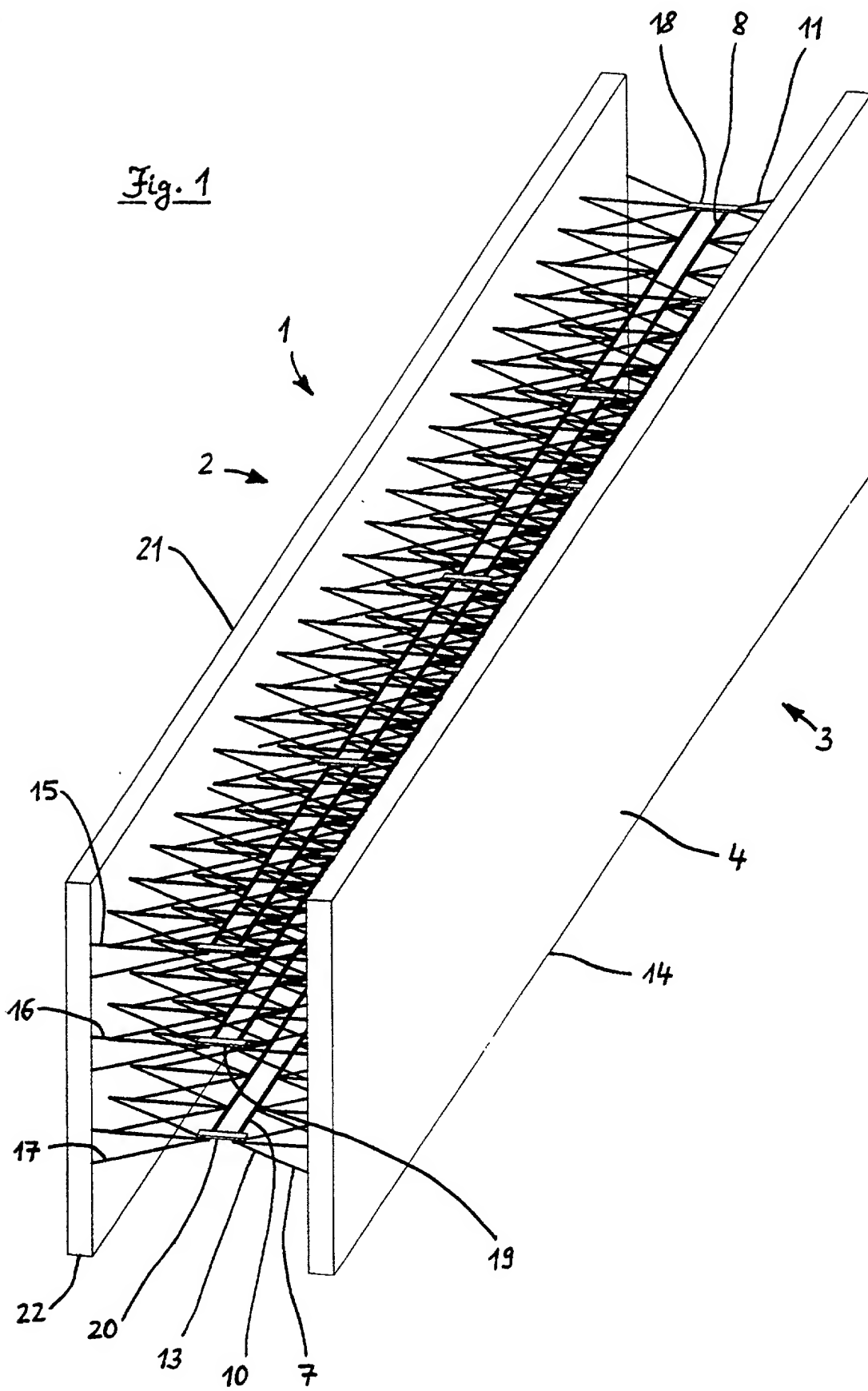
5. A foundation for buildings which is produced using reinforced concrete sections according to any one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that in said foundation the reinforced concrete sections (1, 23, 26-28) are situated in a position in which they are standing on two of their longitudinal edges (14, 22) and the space between the concrete slabs (4, 21; 24, 25; 29, 31; 30, 32) of the reinforced concrete sections is filled with site-mixed concrete.

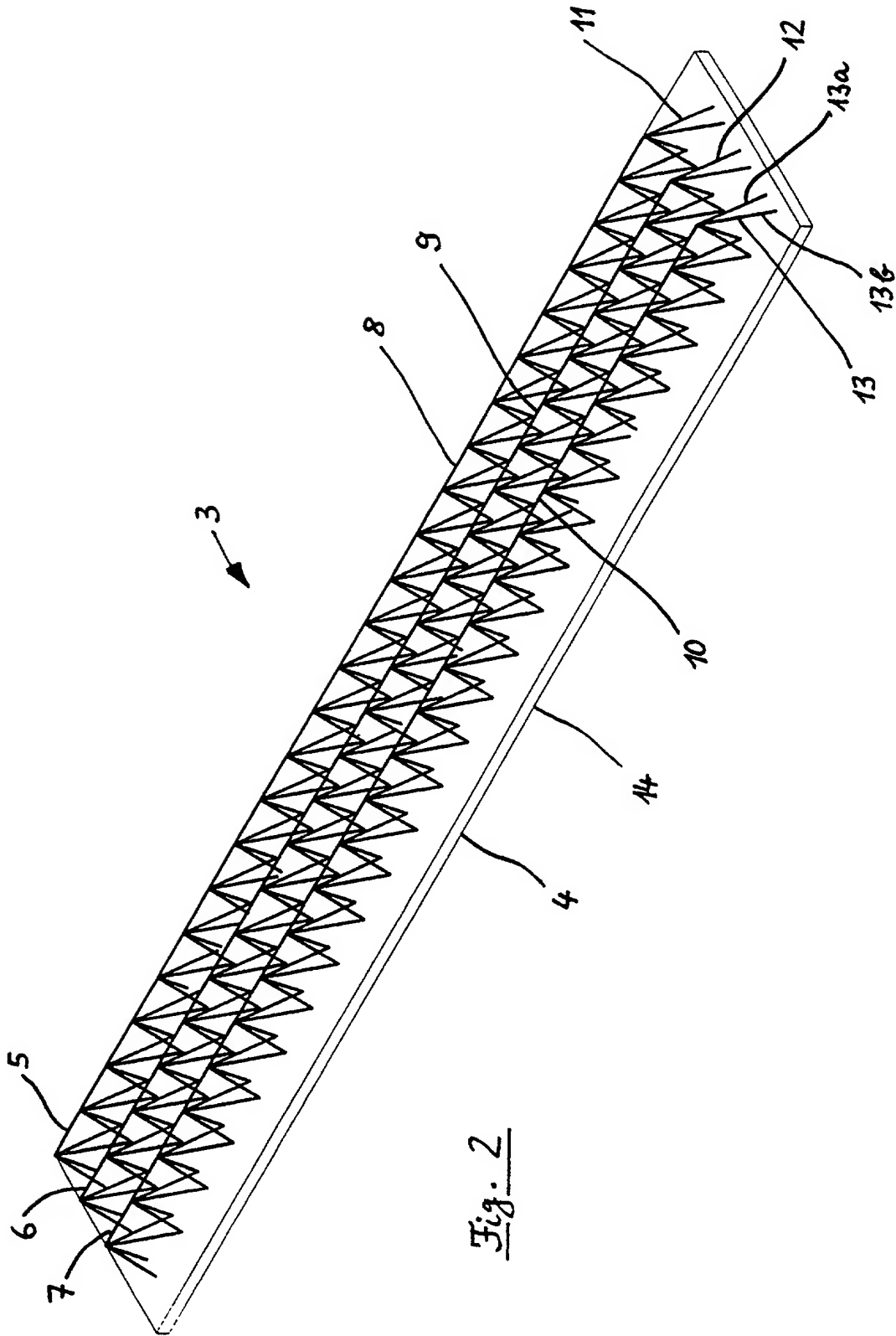
### Abstract of the Invention

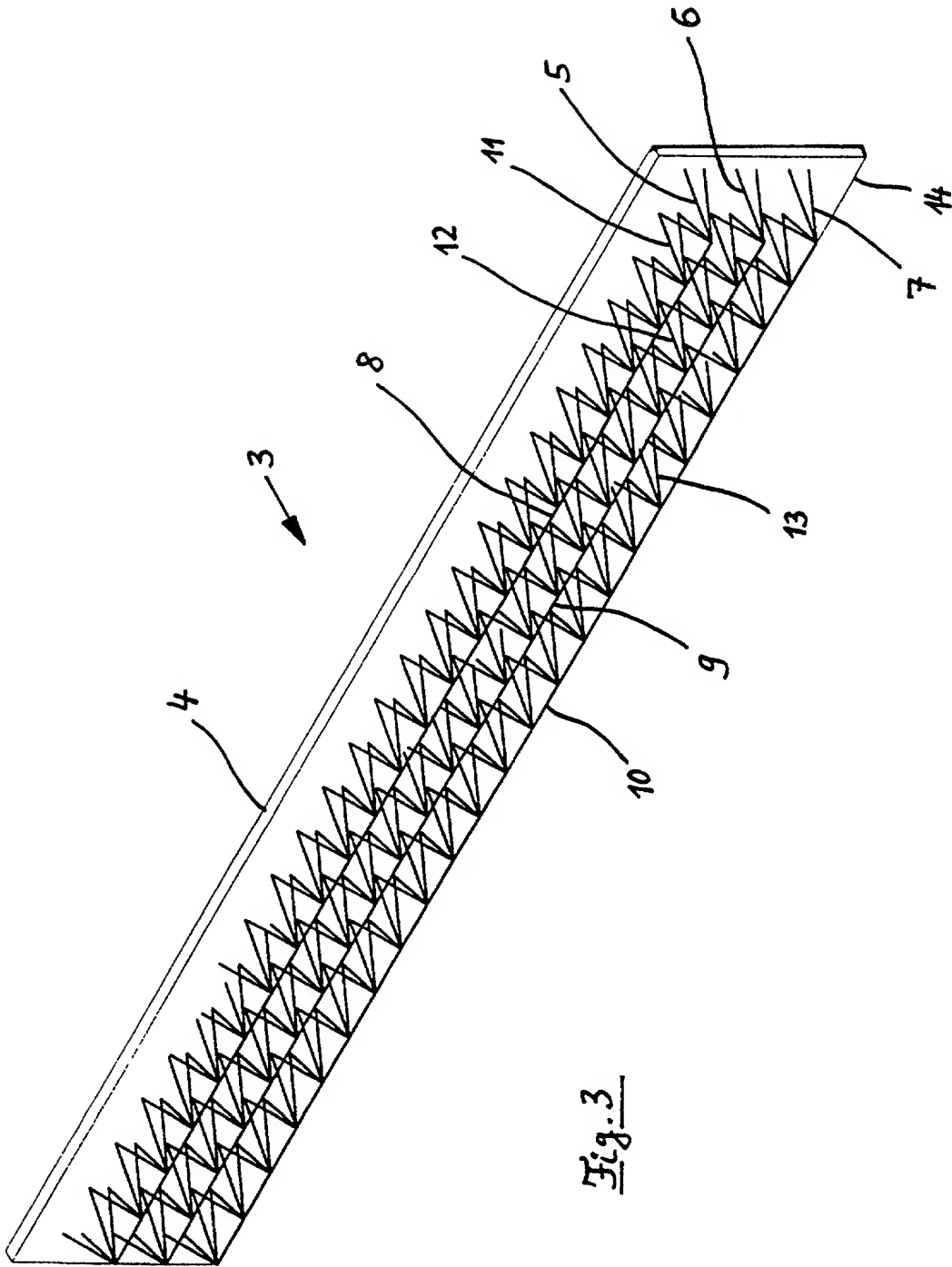
The invention relates to a reinforced concrete section (1, 23, 26-28) comprising two commercially available pre-cast floor elements (2, 3) of the same type. Each element consists of a substantially rectangular concrete slab (4, 21) and at least one lattice girder (5, 7) attached thereto. The two pre-cast floor elements are arranged in a laterally reversed manner so that their concrete slabs (4, 21) are situated parallel to and at a distance from each other and their lattice girders face one another. The pre-cast floor elements (2, 3) are fixedly attached to one another by their lattice girders (5-7). The reinforced concrete section (1, 23, 26-28) can be used with site-mixed concrete to rapidly produce a foundation for a building on the building site, without erecting the shuttering and dismantling the shuttering.

gen:p\028 Schmetz\002-app.wpd

Fig. 1







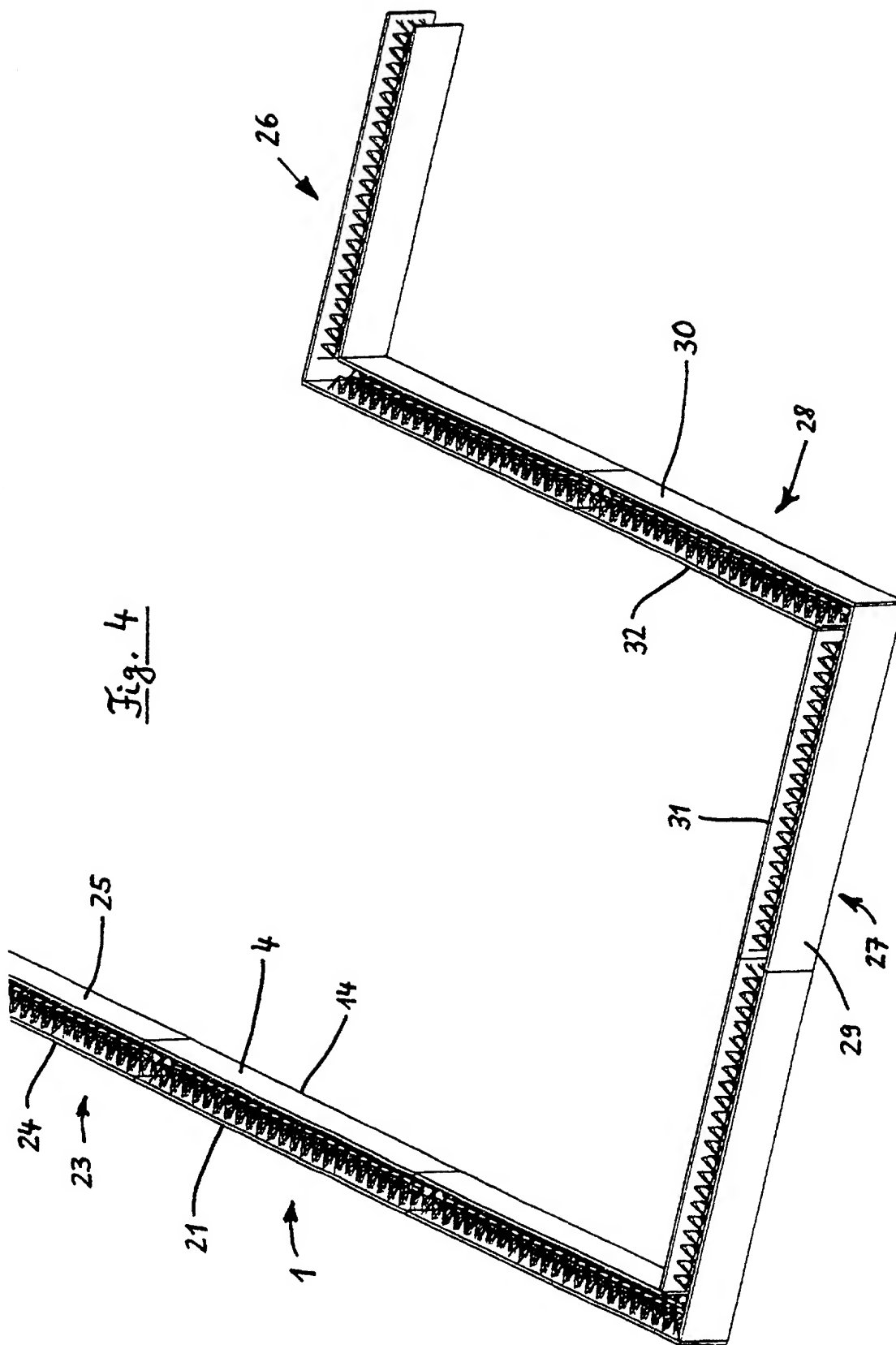


Fig. 4

EXPRESS MAIL LABEL NO. ET 155 237 295 US  
FEBRUARY 27, 2002

**PATENT**

**DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION  
SOLE INVENTOR**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name:

I believe I am an original, first and sole inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

**"REINFORCED CONCRETE PART FOR PRODUCING  
FOUNDATIONS OF BUILDINGS"**

the specification of which is attached hereto.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Claimed

PCT/EP00/08422  
(Number)

PCT  
(Country)

August 29, 2000  
(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☒ Yes ☐ No

199 41 603.6  
(Number)

Germany  
(Country)

September 1, 1999  
(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☒ Yes ☐ No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, 120 of the United States application(s) listed below, and insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Status-patented, pending, abandoned)



MO-25-FEB-2002 13:02

SOHNS GMBH

+49 6555 929092

P.002/002

I hereby appoint Philip A. Mallinckrodt, Reg. No. 14,532; Robert R. Mallinckrodt, Reg. No. 26,565; and Brian R. Rayve, Reg. No. 39,810; of the firm of Mallinckrodt & Mallinckrodt as my attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Customer No. 27469.

Address all telephone calls to: Robert R. Mallinckrodt  
at telephone no. (801) 328-1624  
facsimile no. (801) 328-1627

Address all correspondence to: MALLINCKRODT & MALLINCKRODT  
10 Exchange Place, Suite 510  
Salt Lake City, Utah 84111

I hereby authorize the U.S. attorneys named herein to accept and follow instruction from my authorized representative named below as to any actions to be taken in the United States Patent and Trademark Office regarding this application without direct communications between the U.S. attorneys and the undersigned. In the event of a change in the person(s) from whom instruction may be taken, the U.S. attorneys will be so notified:

Dipl.-Ing. Bruno Schmetz  
Dipl.-Ing. Walter Schmetz  
AuguststraÙe 14-16  
D-52070 Aachen  
GERMANY

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of inventor: Udo Sohns

Inventor's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date 25.02.02

Residence: Brandscheid, GERMANY DEX  
Citizen of Germany

Post Office Address: Zum Marstall 20  
54608 Brandscheid  
GERMANY

gentipadec002-dec.wpd